AFCO Installation & Operation Instructions

Model #AF 920125 •Pump Fed Sanitize / Rinse / Foam Hose Drop Station

REQUIREMENTS

Ready-to-l	Jse	Che	mical	Solution
(Minimum	35	PSI	at the	Unit)

(Minimum 35 PSI at the Unit)	
Temperature	up to 160°F
Pressure	35 - 125 PSI
Flow	7.2 GPM @ 40 PSI
Supply Line	1/2"
Rinse	
Temperature	up to 160°F
Pressure	35 - 125 PSI
Flow	up to 13 GPM
Supply Line	3/4"
Compressed Air	up to 4 CFM
Hose Sanitize	1/2" x 50'
Rinse	3/4" x 50'
Foam	3/4" x 50'
Nozzle	
Sanitize	2520

4 Hole Rinse Nozzle

50250

OPTIONS

Rinse

Foam

Large Stainless Steel Hose Rack	# 224150	
Recommended Foam Solution Check Valves &		
Strainer		

Check Valve, PP, 1/2" (EPDM)	# 491409
Check Valve, PP, 1/2" (Viton)	# 491411
SS "Y" Strainer	# 150350

Alternate Air Check Valve - EPDM Standard

Check Valve, Air, SS, 1/4" MM (Viton / Hast) # 491306

WEIGHT & DIMENSIONS

Shipping Weight: 57 lbs.

Shipping Dimensions: 30" x 21" x 18"









The Pump Fed Sanitize / Rinse / Foam Hose Drop Station is a combination applicator for projecting one ready-to-use chemical as foam, another as a sanitizing spray and for rinsing. This unit receives 2 separate ready-to-use chemical solutions from separate central chemical feed systems. Rich, clinging foam is created by injecting compressed air into the foaming solution to greatly increase volume and coverage ability. Foam is then projected through the foam hose and fan nozzle on to any surface up close or at distances up to 12 feet. Sanitizer solution, or any other chemical, is projected through a separate hose as a fan pattern spray. Rinse through the unique, powerful 4-hole nozzle.



Safety & Operational Precautions

- For proper performance do NOT modify, substitute nozzle, hose diameter or length.
- Manufacturer assumes no liability for the use or misuse of this unit.
- Wear protective clothing, gloves and eye-wear when working with chemicals.
- Always direct the discharge away from people and electrical devices.
- For pressures over 100 PSI, remove the discharge valve or lower pressure
- Follow the chemical manufacturer's safe handling instructions.
- Turn off solution supply and air when unit is not in use for extended periods.

TO INSTALL (REFER TO DIAGRAM, NEXT PAGE.)

It is recommended to install a check valve in the foamer solution inlet to prevent air from going back into solution line. (see Options)

- 1. Mount the unit to a suitable surface.
- 2. Connect the discharge hoses as shown in the diagram and close the ball valves.
- 3. Connect pre-mixed solution supplies and install a solution check valve in the foamer inlet to prevent compressed air from going back up the solution line.
- 4. To prevent blocking the small jets, flush any new plumbing of debris before connecting. (And/or install a strainer)
- 5. Connect compressed air supply. If piping is older and has known contaminants, install a filter.

TO OPERATE

<u>Always</u> make sure the discharge ball valve is closed or pointed in a safe direction before turning inlet valve on. Discharge valve can be shut off at any time during operation but should not be left off for long periods of time with the inlet valve on.

TO FOAM

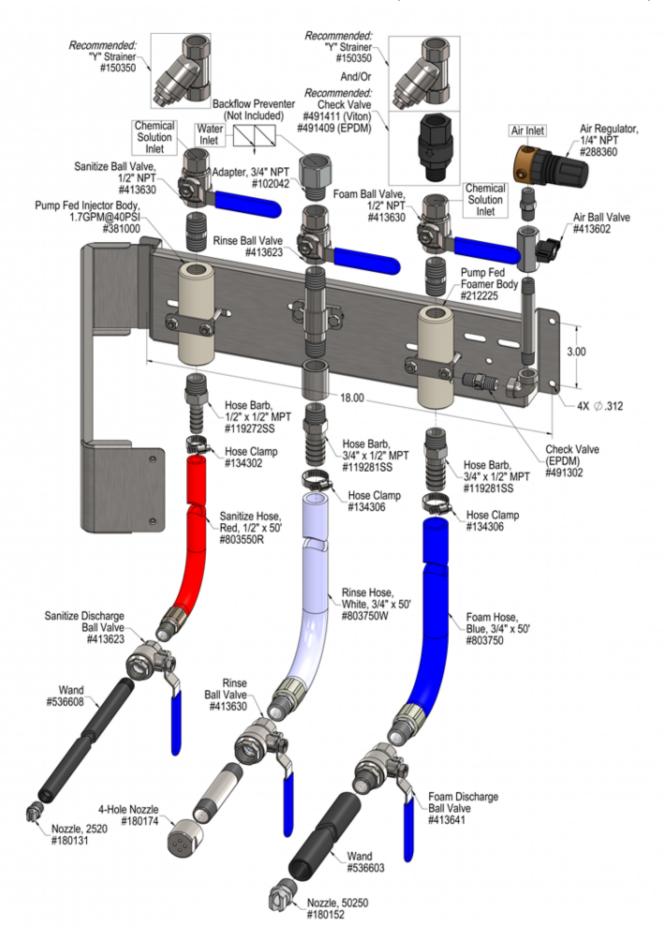
- 1. With wand in hand open the inlet ball valve, and the air ball valve.
 - Wait a few seconds and observe foam consistency.
 - Use the least amount of air needed to achieve good foam quality to prevent solution pressure fluctuations from affecting performance. Air pressure must be kept lower than solution pressure.
 - To adjust the foam consistency pull out on the air regulator knob, turn slightly clockwise for dryer foam and counterclockwise for wetter foam. Wait a few seconds to see each adjustment.
 - o Medium wet foam will give the best cleaning results! Dry foam will NOT clean as well!
 - You may also have to try different chemical ratios and air settings until foam consistency and cleaning results are acceptable. Once this is set and desired foam
 consistency is achieved push lock the knob. you are ready to start application.
- 2. When foaming is completed, close the discharge ball valve, return to the unit and close the solution and air ball valves. Briefly re-open the discharge ball valve to relieve pressure in the hose. Rinse before the foam dries.

TO RINSE

- 1. With spray wand in hand and the discharge ball valve closed open the inlet ball valve.
- $2. \ \, \text{Open the discharge ball valve to begin application}.$
- 3. When complete, close the discharge ball valve then close the inlet ball valve.
- 4. Briefly re-open the discharge ball valve to relieve pressure in hose.

TO SANITIZE

- 1. With discharge wand in hand open the inlet ball valve. Then open the discharge ball valve to begin application.
- 2. When sanitizing is completed, close the discharge ball valve then close the inlet ball valve.
- 3. Briefly re-open the discharge ball valve to relieve pressure in hose. If applicable rinse the work surface before solution dries.



Troubleshooting Guide

AF 920125 • Pump Fed Sanitize / Rinse / Foam Hose Drop Station

Problem	Possible Cause / Solution		
	Startup	Maintenance	
A) Foam surges and/or hose "bucks"	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8	10, 11, 14	
B) Foam too wet	2, 3, 4, 7, 8	12, 14	
C) Foam does not clean properly	1, 4, 9		
D) Air backing up into foam solution line		13	
E) Chemical solution backing up into airline		14	

Possible Cause / Solution				
Startup	Maintenance			
Air pressure too high Adjust the air regulator slowly counterclockwise until output stabilizes or foam is "wetter"	10. Inlet orifice clogged • Clean / clean inlet orifice / DO NOT DRILL OUT • Install a strainer			
 2. Solution pressure or volume too low/inlet piping too small causing poor chemical pick up • Increase pressure • Reduce number of stations being used at one time 	 11. Chemical build-up may have formed in the body causing reduced flow. Carefully remove fittings and soak entire body in descaling acid 12. Air regulator failed 			
3. Inlet or discharge ball valve not completely open • Completely open the inlet and discharge ball valves	Clean or replace 13. Air check valve failed			
4. Not enough chemical or improper chemical • Increase chemical concentration • Ensure product is recommended for foaming and the application 5. Foam nozzle has been changed- too small	 Clean or replace 14. No solution check valve installed or failed Install a check valve in the inlet Clean or replace 			
 Replace nozzle with correct size 6. Sanitizer nozzle has been changed- too large Replace nozzle with correct size 				
7. Discharge hose too long or wrong size or kinkedStraighten the hose or replace hose with correct size and length				
8. Air pressure too low / use of an oiler in the airline will cause poor foam quality • Adjust the air regulator slowly clockwise • Use only clean, dry air				
9. Soil has hardened on surface, rinse foam before it driesReapplication may be necessary				

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE: When the unit will be out of service for extended periods run water through the system to flush the chemical and help prevent chemical build-up.



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